# Warmblood (MC) 4 years old





#### **Presentation**

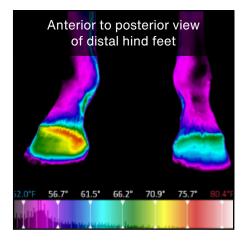
**Owner:** Mild intermittent shifting lameness over the past three weeks.

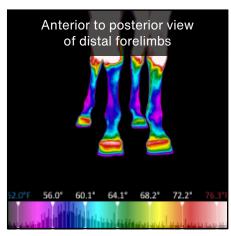
Lameness exam: Grade 1 lameness of indeterminable origin. Bilateral muscle laxity throughout the paravertebral

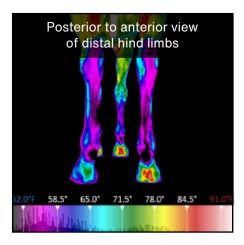
and gluteal musculature. Negative on the tail pull test. Normal urination and fecal expulsion.



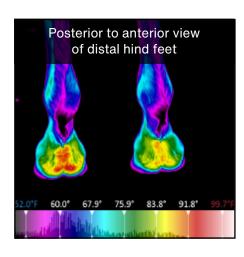
# **WellVu Thermal Imaging**

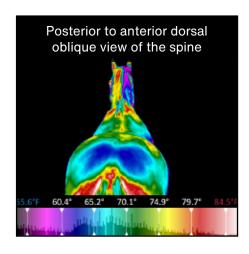






Hypothermia (Cold)	
Finding	All four distal limbs demonstrate areas of bilateral asymmetrical hypothermia
Impression	Irritation of spinal nerves C5-7
Finding	Bilateral asymmetrical areas of hypothermia throughout epaxial, paravertebral, and gluteal musculature
Impression	Nerve irritation within the cervical spine







# **Intervention Based on Findings**

#### **Further Diagnostics**

- Blood submitted for S. neuroma SAG1, 5, 6.
- Titer ratio: 1:4000

#### **Treatment Plan**

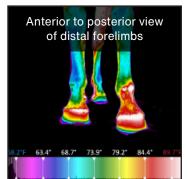
- Trimethoprim-sulfonamide orally for 30 days
- Ponazuril orally for 30 days
- Phenylbutazone orally for 14 days

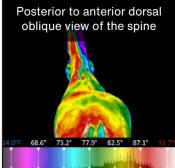


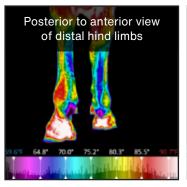
# WellVu Thermal Imaging Recheck (30 Days)

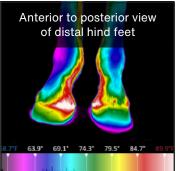
Owner: Greatly improved. Question: when can they resume training?

**Lameness exam:** There is no evidence of lameness. The laxity within the musculature has almost resolved. All neurological testing was negative









Hypothermia (Cold)	
Finding	All images illustrate a re-establishment of circulation.
Impression	The expected circulatory pattern has not been fully re-established; therefore, the patient has not fully recovered.



# **Intervention Based on Findings**

#### **Treatment Plan**

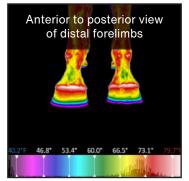
- Trimethoprim-sulfonamide
- Diclazril
- Phenylbutazone: reduced dosage to two grams/day

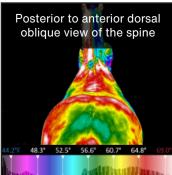


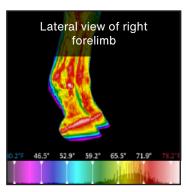
# WellVu Thermal Imaging Recheck (60 Days)

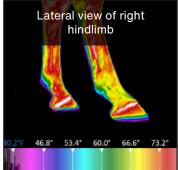
Owner: : Patient has resumed normal activity when turned out.

**Lameness exam:** There is no evidence of lameness. All the neurological signs have completely resolved. Muscle palpates normally throughout all large muscle groups.









Hypothermia (Cold)	
Finding	All images display expected normal bilateral symmetrical thermal gradients
Impression	The patient has completely recovered.



### **Patient Instructions**

- Resume training with slow sessions for the first week to ten days, then increase gradually until the patient is fully back to work.
- Re-check in two weeks if necessary.



Question Who benefited more: the Patient or the Practice?

# Better Care for Pets: Empowering Owners, Optimizing Outcomes



#### **Patient Benefits**

- Client visualization allowed an understanding of the effect this organism has on the neurological system.
- Objective baseline temperature data for comparison on future re-evaluations.
- Client understanding of the importance of following the prescribed treatment plan.



# **Practice Benefits**

- Supportive evidence to the neurological exam.
- Objective measurement of the progress of the case.
- Client visualization allowed understanding and compliance with the recommended treatment plan.
- The client visualized that the patient had not returned to normal at the thirty-day recheck.
- Objective baseline data for comparison on future re-evaluations.



# Take-Aways

- The IRTI of this patient supported the initial neurological exam and allowed the client to visualize the complexity of this disorder.
- The patient appeared to have recovered at the thirty-day recheck, but the images provided evidence that additional treatment was necessary.
- The IRTI, which was taken at sixty days, provided evidence that the patient had completely recovered and could safely return to work.



# **Infrared Thermography Objectively Monitored the Patient Progress:**

